

Two-Tone Leaf Scarf



Moss green + ivory • A printable crochet adaptation

Make a softly ridged scarf with two shaped leaf ends and a removable keeper decorated with two buttons. Work the scarf flat in one continuous piece.

Finished target: approximately 100 cm (39.4 in) long; leaf width 20.6 cm (8.1 in); neckband width 5.6 cm (2.2 in). Measurements depend on your blocked gauge.

About this pattern: the supplied photograph and infographic show knitting. This original crochet adaptation recreates the general silhouette rather than the knitted stitch structure. It has not been physically sample-tested. Check gauge and fit as you work.

Inside: supplies, stitch guide, counted rows, sizing, finishing and a separate final reference-diagram page. New 3D illustrations show construction; written counts govern the pattern.

Materials, size & gauge



Yarn: soft worsted-weight yarn, approximately 100 g / 180-220 m (197-241 yd) in moss green (A) and the same amount in ivory (B). This is a purchasing allowance, not a measured sample consumption. Use the same yarn line for both colors.

Tools: 5 mm crochet hook as a starting point; tapestry needle; scissors; 2 stitch markers; tape measure; blocking mat and pins; two 18-20 mm (about 3/4 in) buttons; sewing needle and strong matching thread.

Target blocked gauge: 16 single crochet stitches and 20 rows = 10 x 10 cm (4 x 4 in), worked in back loops. Make a swatch: ch 25; sc in the second ch and each remaining ch (24 sts). Work 29 more rows of 24 sc, ch 1 and turn each row. Measure the central 10 cm after gentle blocking.

If you have more than 16 stitches per 10 cm, try a larger hook; if fewer, try a smaller hook. Aim for flexible fabric. Row gauge affects length, so measure the band instead of relying only on row totals.

Section	Target at stated gauge
Each leaf	16 cm long x 20.6 cm widest (6.3 x 8.1 in)
Central band	68 x 5.6 cm (26.8 x 2.2 in)
Keeper strip	About 12 x 5.6 cm (4.7 x 2.2 in), adjust to fit

The stitch toolkit



US abbreviations: ch = chain; sc = single crochet; st(s) = stitch(es); BLO = back loop only; inc = 2 sc in one stitch; sc2tog = single crochet 2 stitches together; sc3tog = single crochet 3 stitches together.

Single crochet: insert the hook in the stated loop, yarn over and pull up a loop. Yarn over and pull through both loops. For BLO, use only the loop farther from you at the top of the stitch. Turned BLO rows create a ridged surface.

Increase: work 2 sc into the same back loop. Each increase adds 1 stitch. **Decrease:** insert into the back loop of the next stitch and pull up a loop; repeat in the following stitch. Yarn over and pull through all 3 loops. Each sc2tog removes 1 stitch.

Final sc3tog: pull up a loop through the back loop of each of the next 3 stitches, then yarn over and pull through all 4 loops on the hook. Three stitches become one.

Rules for every row: ch 1 and turn before the next row. The turning chain never counts as a stitch. Work BLO throughout after the foundation row, including increases and decreases. Mark the first and last stitch; move markers as you work.

Reading the tables: counts in the right column are the total stitches after completing that row. Do not add edge stitches or crochet around the perimeter. The main scarf is worked continuously from the green tip to the ivory tip.

Shape the first leaf



Start in color A: ch 4. Row 1: sc in second ch from hook and in each remaining ch = 3 sts. Work the following rows flat, ch 1 and turn between rows.

Rows	Work in BLO	End count
2-16	Inc in first st, sc to last st, inc in last st.	5, 7, 9 ... 33
17-20	Sc in every stitch.	33 each row
21-32	Sc2tog, sc to final 2 sts, sc2tog.	31, 29, 27 ... 9

Check the increases: row 4 = 9 sts; row 8 = 17 sts; row 12 = 25 sts; row 16 = 33 sts. You have increased at both edges on every shaping row.

Check the taper: row 24 = 25 sts; row 28 = 17 sts; row 32 = 9 sts. This narrow end becomes the neckband. Do not fasten off.

Lay the leaf flat without stretching. It should have a broad central section, a pointed starting end and a narrow neck. At target gauge it is about 16 cm (6.3 in) long. Small ripples can relax in blocking; strong cupping usually means tight edge stitches or incorrect counts.

Make the two-color band



Restart row numbering for the band. Band row 1: ch 1, turn, sc BLO in each of the 9 stitches. Repeat for band rows 2-68 in green. The green band section measures approximately 34 cm (13.4 in). Do not count the leaf in this measurement.

Change to ivory: on the final sc of green band row 68, pull up the loop with A, then use B for the final yarn-over and pull-through. Leave tails of about 15 cm (6 in). Cut A. Ch 1 with B and turn.

Band rows 69-136: sc BLO across all 9 sts in ivory. The ivory half is also approximately 34 cm (13.4 in); the entire narrow band is approximately 68 cm (26.8 in). Do not fasten off.

Fit before continuing: drape the band loosely behind the neck. Both ends should reach the desired keeper position at the upper chest. Add or remove the same number of rows from each color half to keep the change centered at the back.

Length formula: total scarf length = band length + both leaf lengths. At target gauge, the two leaves add about 32 cm (12.6 in). For a 110 cm scarf, make the band about 78 cm: approximately 78 rows in each color. Measure for the wearer rather than sizing by age.

Finish the second end



Use the green-leaf illustration to recognize the shape. Your second leaf is ivory and worked in the opposite direction, from its narrow neck toward its tip. Keep using B. Restart the row count at 1.

Leaf rows	Work in BLO	End count
1-12	Inc in first st, sc to last st, inc in last st.	11, 13 ... 33
13-16	Sc in every stitch.	33 each row
17-31	Sc2tog, sc to final 2 sts, sc2tog.	31, 29 ... 3
32	Sc3tog across the remaining 3 stitches.	1

Count checkpoints: row 4 = 17 sts; row 8 = 25 sts; row 12 = 33 sts. On the taper, row 20 = 25 sts; row 24 = 17 sts; row 28 = 9 sts; row 31 = 3 sts.

After row 32, cut the yarn leaving a 15 cm (6 in) tail. Pull the tail through the final loop and snug it gently. Do not pull so tightly that the tip puckers.

Compare both leaves: the first begins with 3 stitches, while the second finishes with a 3-stitch decrease. This creates slightly different tip structures but matching 32-row lengths and 33-stitch maximum widths. Pin both to the same outline during blocking.

Width changes: follow the stated counts for this version. Using a different stitch count changes every increase and decrease section; changing only the central band length is the simplest size adjustment.



Create the sliding keeper



Make a separate strip in ivory: ch 10. Row 1: sc in second ch and across = 9 sts. Rows 2-24: ch 1, turn, sc BLO across 9 sts. At target gauge the strip is about 12 cm long and 5.6 cm wide (4.7 x 2.2 in). Leave a 30 cm (12 in) sewing tail.

Fit the loop: place the two narrow scarf sections flat on top of one another just above the leaves. Wrap the keeper strip around both layers, with its 12 cm direction going around the stack. It must hold them gently while still allowing them to slide. Add or remove rows from the strip if needed.

Close the keeper: remove the strip, bring its two 9-stitch short edges together and whipstitch matching stitches to form a tube. Sew only the keeper edges, not the scarf. Put this seam at the back. Weave in the tails.

Add the buttons: arrange the two buttons vertically on the front of the keeper, spaced about 2.5 cm (1 in) center to center. Secure each with several passes of sewing thread through the keeper only. These buttons are decorative: there are no buttonholes.

Assemble: gently fold each leaf lengthwise and feed it through the keeper, one at a time. Slide the keeper up onto the narrow sections, then open and smooth the leaves. Never force a leaf through a keeper that is too tight.



Block, check & style



Weave in ends: pass each yarn tail through the backs of several stitches, reverse direction and pass through a second section. Keep the fabric relaxed. Trim only after checking that the ends hold securely.

Block before attaching the keeper: follow the yarn label. If wet blocking is suitable, soak gently, squeeze without twisting and roll in a towel. Pin the scarf flat, matching the leaf shapes. Keep the band straight and its width even. Allow it to dry fully; avoid direct heat unless the yarn permits it.

Wear: drape the band behind the neck, bring both leaves forward and place the keeper at a comfortable chest height. Offset one leaf slightly for the overlapping look. Keep enough space to move freely; this is an adult accessory.

If you notice...	Try this
A widening or shrinking band	Count 9 sts; do not work into the turning chain.
Leaves with uneven edges	Check the two edge increases/decreases in each row.
A stiff scarf	Use a softer yarn or larger hook; recheck gauge.
A slipping or tight keeper	Remove or add keeper rows before closing its seam.

Before printing the final page: the supplied diagram is an artistic view of the assembled scarf, not a verified row-by-row chart. Its symbols and scalloped outline do not encode this adaptation. Use the written row counts on pages 4-6 to crochet; use the final image only as a visual reference.

Print: A4 portrait at actual size or fit to printable area. This is not a full-size template. The final page contains only the requested reference image and the standard branded, clickable footer.

